

## ***In vitro* Dephosphorylation Assay of c-Myc**

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**[Abstract]** This protocol describes experimental procedures for *in vitro* dephosphorylation assay of human protein c-Myc. This protocol can be adapted to detect phosphatase activity of other Ser/Thr phosphatases.

**Keywords:** Dephosphorylation, c-Myc, SCP1

**[Background]** Carboxy-terminal domain RNA polymerase II polypeptide A small phosphatase 1 (SCP1, also known as CTDSP1 or NLI-IF) belongs to the FCP/SCP phosphatase family and was originally reported to dephosphorylate the C-terminal domain (CTD) of RNA polymerase II (Yeo *et al.*, 2003). Smad2, 3 (Wrighton *et al.*, 2006), Snail (Wu *et al.*, 2009), PML (Lin *et al.*, 2014), and c-Myc (Wang *et al.*, 2016) have also been identified as substrates of SCP1.

### **Materials and Reagents**

1. 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes
2. 50 ml tube
3. 100 mm dish
4. *E. coli* cells
5. HKE293T cell
6. HA-c-Myc plasmid
7. LB medium
8. IPTG
9. Glutathione sepharose 4B (GE Healthcare, catalog number: 17075601)
10. Glycerol (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: G5516)
11. Pierce™ BCA Protein Assay Kit (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Thermo Scientific™, catalog number: 23225)
12. Lipofectamine 2000
13. c-Myc antibody (Abcam, catalog number: ab32072)
14. Protein A/G beads (Santa Cruz Biotechnology, catalog number: sc-2003)
15. BSA
16. Coomassie blue R250 (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: 27816)

17. c-Myc Ser62 phosphorylation antibody ([Abnova, catalog number: MAB6763] or [Abcam, catalog number: ab78318])
18. Sodium hydroxide (NaOH) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: 221465)
19. Sodium chloride (NaCl) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: S7653)
20. Potassium chloride (KCl)
21. Disodium hydrogen phosphate ( $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$ )
22. Potassium phosphate monobasic ( $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ )
23. Tris base ( $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}_3$ ) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: T1503)
24. EDTA (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: E5134)
25. Triton X-100 (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: X100)
26. Phenylmethanesulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) ( $\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{FO}_2\text{S}$ ) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: P7626)
27. cOmplete protease inhibitor cocktail (Roche Diagnostics, catalog number: 04693116001)
28. Dithiothreitol (DTT) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: D0632)
29. PhosSTOP tablet (Roche Diagnostics, catalog number: 04906845001)
30.  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol
31. Bromophenol blue
32. Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)
33. Magnesium chloride ( $\text{MgCl}_2$ ) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: 449172)
34. L-Glutathione reduced (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: G4251)
35. Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) (see Recipes)
36. IP lysis buffer (see Recipes)
37. Phosphatase reaction buffer (see Recipes)
38. 5x SDS loading dye (see Recipes)
39. GST elution buffer (see Recipes)

### **Equipment**

1. 250 ml flask
2. Shaker
3. Cell scraper
4. Incubator
5. Centrifuges

### **Procedure**

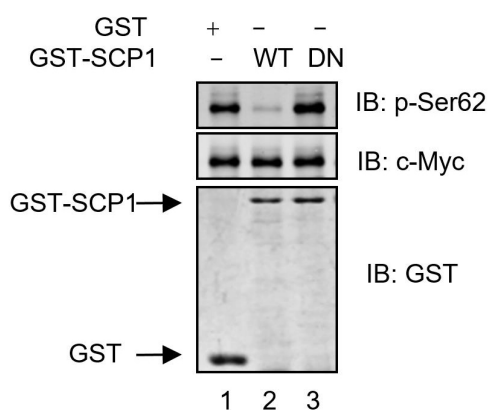
1. Heterologous expression and purification of phosphatase
  - a. Inoculate a single colony of *E. coli* cells containing the GST-vector, GST-SCP1-WT (wild type) or GST-SCP1-DN (dominant-negative) plasmid into 10 ml LB medium and grow overnight (ON) at 37 °C.

- b. Transfer 2 ml of ON culture to a 250 ml flask containing 48 ml of LB medium.
  - c. Incubate at 37 °C in a shaker at 200 rpm until OD<sub>600</sub> reaches to 0.5. Induce with IPTG at a final concentration of 1 mM for 4 h.
  - d. Transfer the cell culture into a 50 ml tube.
  - e. Spin down at room temperature at 5 min, 3,000 x g to collect cells.
  - f. Discard supernatant, wash the cell pellet once with 1x PBS.
  - g. Resuspend the cell pellet in 500 µl IP lysis buffer without phosSTOP and then put the 50 ml tube on ice for 30 min. Vortex for 15 sec every 10 min.
  - h. Spin at 20,000 x g for 10 min at 4 °C. Collect the supernatant into a new Eppendorf tube.
  - i. Prepare a 50% (v/v) slurry of glutathione sepharose 4B in lysis buffer, and add 50 µl of slurry to the supernatant. Rotate for 1 h at 4 °C.
  - j. Collect the beads by spinning at 1,000 x g for 1 min at 4 °C. Discard the supernatant and wash the beads 3 times with 1x PBS. Store in 1 beads volume of PBS supplemented with 10% glycerol at 4 °C if not going on to the next step immediately.
  - k. To elute GST protein from beads, add 1 bead volume of GST elution buffer, vortex for 10 min at 4 °C. Collect supernatant, repeat one more time, and combine the supernatants. Use BCA Protein Assay Kit to quantify the concentration of protein.
2. Expression and purification of phosphorylated c-Myc
    - a. Transfect HKE293T cells (at a density of 1.5 x 10<sup>6</sup> in a 100 mm dish) with 5 µg of HA-c-Myc plasmid using Lipofectamine 2000.
    - b. Harvest the cells in 1 ml of 1x PBS by using a cell scraper after a 36-48 h incubation.
    - c. Collect the cell pellet by spinning at 1,000 x g for 1 min at 4 °C.
    - d. Discard the supernatant, and lyse the cells in 500 µl lysis buffer on ice for 30 min.
    - e. Collect the lysate by spinning at 12,000 x g for 15 min at 4 °C, and then transfer the cell lysate into a new Eppendorf tube.
    - f. Use 1 µg of c-Myc antibody to immunoprecipitate HA-c-Myc protein from 1 mg/500 µl HEK293T cell lysate. Gently rotate for 1 h at 4 °C.
    - g. Wash protein A/G beads 3 times with IP lysis buffer. Add 30 µl (60 µl 50% slurry) to the cell lysate (step 2d) and rotate for 1 h at 4 °C.
    - h. Collect the beads by spinning at 1,000 x g for 1 min at 4 °C. Wash 3 times with 0.5 ml ice-cold IP lysis buffer.
    - i. Store the beads in 1 bead volume of PBS supplemented with 10% glycerol on ice before use.
    - j. Pick 5 µl solution and 1 µg BSA to run SDS-PAGE gel, and stain the gel with Coomassie blue, using 1 µg BSA as control, to determine HA-c-Myc immunocomplex concentration.
  3. Dephosphorylation assay
    - a. Add the 0.1 µg HA-c-Myc, with 0.5 µg of bacterially-expressed GST-vector, GST-SCP1-WT (wild type) or GST-SCP1-DN (dominant-negative) in 50 µl phosphatase buffer.
    - b. Incubate the mixture at 37 °C for 30 min.

- c. Add 1 bead volume of 2x SDS loading buffer into the mixture. Stop the phosphatase reaction by heating at 100 °C for 5 min.
- d. Half of each sample is fractioned by SDS-PAGE and detect phosphatase on the gel by Coomassie blue staining (Simpson, 2010).
- e. The other half of each sample is used to detect the phosphorylation status of c-MYC at Ser62 by Western blotting using anti-pSer62 antibody.
- f. After phosphorylation detection, strip the membrane using 0.8 N NaOH for 30 sec. Detect total c-Myc protein substrate with anti-c-Myc antibody.

### Data analysis

HA-c-Myc purified from HEK293T cells was incubated with purified GST, GST-SCP1-WT, and GST-SCP1-DN proteins at 37 °C for 30 min. The immunoprecipitates are analyzed using anti-pSer62, anti-c-Myc, or anti-GST antibodies. SCP1 dephosphorylates c-Myc at Ser62 *in vitro*, analyzed using Western blotting.



**Figure 1. SCP1 dephosphorylates c-Myc at Ser62 *in vitro*** (Wang *et al.*, 2016)

### Recipes

1. Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS)
  - 137 mM NaCl
  - 2.7 mM KCl
  - 10 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>
  - 1.8 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>
  - Adjust the pH to 7.4
2. IP lysis buffer
  - 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5
  - 150 mM NaCl
  - 0.5 mM EDTA

- 0.5% Triton X-100  
 Add 1 mM PMSF, Roche cOmplete protease inhibitor cocktail and phosSTOP tablet before use  
 Adjust NaCl concentration or/and Triton X-100 level to obtain optimum condition for different phosphatases and different antibodies
3. Phosphatase reaction buffer
    - 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 6.8
    - 150 mM NaCl
    - 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0
    - 10 mM DTT without phosphatase inhibitors
  4. 5x SDS loading buffer
    - 5%  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol
    - 0.02% bromophenol blue
    - 30% glycerol
    - 10% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)
    - 250 mM Tris-Cl, pH 6.8
  5. GST elution buffer
    - 3.4 mM reduced dry glutathione
    - 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0

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